### PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

## **PCT**

REC'D	17	SEP	2004
WIPO	_		PCT

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

07 DEC 2004

Applicant's or agent's file reference TS 1181 PCT  International application No. PCT/EP 03/06114		•	FOR FURTHER ACTION  See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)					
		• •	International filing date (day/inc) 06.06.2003	onth/year)	Priority date (day/monthlyear) 07.06.2002			
1	ational F 135/02	Patent Classification (IPC) or I	both national classification and IPC					
Applic SHEI		ERNATIONALE RESEA	ARCH MAATS et al.					
This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining     Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.								
2.	2. This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sheet.							
1	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).							
	These	annexes consist of a total	of 3 sheets.					
This report contains indications relating to the following items:								
1	! <b>E</b>	Basis of the opinion						
1	II [	l Priority						
1	III 🗆	☐ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability						
ĺ	IV 🗆	Lack of unity of invent	ion					
'	V. 🗵		under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regalions supporting such statemer	ird to novelty, is	nventive step or industrial applicability;			
,	VI 🗆	Certain documents cit	ed ·		EPO -DG 1			
•	VII 🗆	Certain defects in the	international application		· ·			
,	VIII 🗆	Certain observations	on the international application		0 5. 11. 2004			
					(117)			
Date of	fsubmls	sion of the demand	Date	of completion of t	his report			
30.12	.2003			9.2004				
Name and mailing address of the international		nal Autho	rized Officer					
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465		56 epmu d	warth, A none No. +49 89	2399-7269				

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/06114

I,	_ D2	basis of the report						
1	<ol> <li>With regard to the elements of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnish the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally a and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):</li> </ol>							
	De	scription, Pages						
	1-2	20	as originally filed					
	Cla	aims, Numbers						
	1-1	3	received on 01.09.2004 with letter of 01.09.2004					
	Dra	awings, Sheets						
	1/2	-2/2	as originally filed					
2.	Wit lan	Vith regard to the <b>language</b> , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the anguage in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.						
	The	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:						
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).						
3.	Witi inte	h regard to any <b>nucl</b> e rnational preliminary	eotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:					
		contained in the inte	mational application in written form.					
		·						
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.						
		The statement that t in the international a	he subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure pplication as filed has been furnished.					
		The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.						
4.	The	amendments have re	esulted in the cancellation of:	,				
		the description,	pages:	ì				
		the claims,	Nos.:	٠				
		the drawings,	sheets:					
		•						

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/06114

5. This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).

(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

6. Additional observations, if necessary:

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

No:

Claims Claims 1-9,11 10,12,13

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-9,11

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims No: Claims

1-13

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

1

j

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/EP 03/06114 **EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET** 

#### Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: WO 03 013725 D2: EP-A-0 428 223 D3: EP-A-0 510 770

- 1. The present application does not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT, in the following respects:
- 1.1 Claim 13 is a product by process claim which describes an undefined mixture of per se known hydrocarbons, because the products produced by the processes to which claim 13 refers (claim 11 and 12) yield different products depending on operation conditions. Therefore claim 13 is not acceptable.

Therefore claim 13 is unclear contrary to the requirement of Art. 6 PCT.

- 2. The present application does not meet the requirements of Article 33 PCT, in the following respects:
- 2.1 The die-plate defined in claim 10 is not novel, since die-plates with the same shape are already known in the field of preparation of biscuits.

Therefore the subject matter of claim 10 is not novel.

- 2.2 Since the mixture of hydrocarbons that result from the process of claim 11 and 12 is not defined (see also 1.1) no novelty can be established for the subject matter of claim 13 over the mixture of hydrocarbons disclosed in D2 (page 6, line 40 - page 7, line 8). Therefore the subject matter of the claim 13 is not novel.
- 2.3 Although the subject matter of claim 11 maybe novel and inventive, this is not the case for the process of claim 12, that uses the mixture of hydrocarbons produced by the process of claim 11, since this mixture of per se known hydrocarbon is not defined (see also 1.1 and 2.2), as it depends on operating conditions used for the process of claim 11 and the process of claim 12 is already disclosed in D2 (page 6, line 40 - page 7, line 8). Therefore the subject matter of the claim 12 is not novel.

- 2.4 As can be deducted from the above (points 2.1 2.3) the present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject matter of the claims 10, 12 and 13 is not novel in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT.
- 3. D1 is a patent application with a priority date before the priority date of the present application, but which was published after the priority date of the present application. D1 is therefore not directly relevant to the PCT phase, but it may become relevant in the later European or any national phase. D1 (Claim 1, 13, 14; figure 1; page 5, lines 1-5) discloses a shaped catalyst with the geometry as defined by claim 1. In D1 page 8, lines 18-24 it is mentioned that the catalyst can contain group VIII metals. From the application "hydrodesulphurisation" it is clear that the metals would be supported. Hydrodesulfurisation catalysts usually include either cobalt or nickel (see for example D1 page 2, lines 15-16). The particles in D1 (examples) are prepared by extrusion (claim 9) using a die-plate (claim 10). It is mentioned in D1 that hydroprocessing can be applied to paraffinic material form a Fischer-Tropsch Process (page 1, lines 1-12)

Therefore D1 anticipates the subject matter of at least the claims 1, 9, 10, 12, 13.

**4.1 D3** is considered as the closest prior art. **D3** (page 3, lines 8-13; figures 1,2; claims 1-7, examples) discloses trilobal catalyst particles, formed by extrusion, having cross sections with the form of 3 intersected circles. The catalyst particles contain supported cobalt as an active component and are suitable for the Fischer-Tropsch process.

The difference of claim 1 to the disclosure of D3 is the shape of the extruded particles. The applicant has shown in the examples that this shape has beneficial effects on the performance of the catalyst in the Fischer-Tropsch process.

The subject matter of claim 1 and it's dependant claims 2-8 can therefore be considered as novel in the sense of Art. 33(2) PCT and involves an inventive in the sense of Art. 33(3) PCT.

4.2 The subject matter of claim 9, which describes a process for preparation of the catalyst particles of claim 1-8 and the subject matter of claim 11, which describes a Fischer-Tropsch process using the catalyst particles of claim 1-8 can equally be considered as novel in the sense of Art. 33(2) PCT and involves an inventive in the sense of Art. 33(3) PCT.

Ļ